

Pyrrhotite - Fe_{1-x}S

Hardness: 3.5 - 4. Cleavage: None observed. Tolerates sonication but bath may become acidic. Very slowly attacked by HCl (use this to remove calcite but minimize exposure) or saturated citric acid. Tolerates oxalic acid. Prone to oxidative decomposition ('pyrite rot' or 'pyrite disease'); store in sealed container over desiccant. Tolerates any dithionite recipe, tartaric acid and NH₄HF₂ (which may brighten some samples).

References

Mindat: <https://www.mindat.org/min-3328.html>

Handbook of Mineralogy: <https://www.handbookofmineralogy.org/pdfs/pyrrhotite.pdf>

Hardinger, S. (2025) Mineral Specimen Cleaning and Development for the Amateur, 339 p.

Rohner, T. (2000) Properly clean minerals online cleaning book.

www.strahlen.org/stepbystep/mineralien-reinigung2.pdf. In German.

Sinkankas, J. (1972) Gemstone & Mineral Data Book, 346 p. Winchester Press, New York.